

- Cut out the domino cards and distribute to students randomly around the class. Any spare cards should be given to students who can cope with more than one, or kept by the teacher.
- Explain to students that each domino contains the second half of one sentence and the beginning of another. When they hear the beginning of a sentence read out which they think their card completes, they should shout it out. If they are correct, they then read out the second half of their card.
- The student with the 'start' card begins the chain. If the chain 'breaks down' because a sentence has not been completed, the class should discuss what the answer might be so that the student can recognise their answer.
- The game ends when all dominoes have been read out – this should be when the final student reads out 'end'.
- The sequence could then be read through again, this time against the clock!

START	The Cold War was a war of	threats and tension.	The two main rival superpowers were
the USSR and the USA.	The ideology of the USA was	Capitalism,	but the USSR was
Communist.	Communism had begun in Russia after	the Russian Revolution of 1917.	In World War Two, the USA and Britain allied with the USSR in order to
defeat Hitler and the Nazis.	However, as the war went on, Stalin became angry with Churchill because of his	failure to open up a "second front" to take pressure off Russia.	In World War Two Russia lost around

20 million men	Before the war ended, the Allies made agreements at	Yalta and Potsdam.	But at Potsdam, Stalin grew to distrust the new American President, Harry
Truman.	Stalin was afraid that the USA had another	atomic bomb.	In August 1945, the USA dropped atomic bombs on
The Japanese cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki.	To protect his country Stalin wanted a	Buffer zone in Eastern Europe.	The division of East and West Europe became known as the
Iron Curtain from 1946.	The USA attempted to stop the spread of Communism in a policy known as	The Truman Doctrine.	Help was sent to fight against communists in
Greece and Turkey.	American aid to help Europe recover after World War Two was known as	the Marshall Plan.	After the War, the Allies divided Germany into
four zones, ruled by Britain, France, the USA and the USSR.	When the Western Allies made moves to join their zones, Stalin introduced a blockade of	Berlin in June 1948.	The USA overcame the blockade by an
airlift.	The Western countries were worried, so they signed a military alliance called	NATO.	In 1955 the Eastern countries signed an alliance called

The Warsaw Pact.	Both sides were building up	nuclear weapons.	In 1962 a crisis over nuclear missiles nearly led to war between the USA and the USSR over
Cuba.	During the Cold War there were wars between communists and non-communists in	Korea and Vietnam.	Back in Europe, in 1961 the Russians built the
Berlin Wall.	The Wall was meant to stop	refugees escaping to the West.	Many people in Eastern Europe were unhappy about
Soviet rule and lack of freedoms	Many East Europeans wanted	more personal freedom.	In 1989 there were rebellions across Eastern Europe, and communist governments
fell.	The Berlin Wall was	pulled down and the Soviet Union broke up. This was the end of the Cold War.	END

