


## Who was who in Wilson's government?

### Task

Match the name, face and description

Roy Jenkins	James Callaghan	Ted Heath
George Brown	Harold Wilson	Barbara Castle
		
		
<p>Known to be impulsive and to be a drinker, this politician was deputy leader of the party. This politician led the Department for Economic Affairs that sadly clashed with the Treasury and Callaghan who was Chancellor. The DEA faded away and this politician left the cabinet in 1968 after a blazing row with Wilson.</p>	<p>This politician inherited a stop go economy with a £400 million deficit and major problems with the trade unions. There were strikes that he was unable to stop and he became increasingly shy of the cameras despite winning the 1964 election for Labour.</p>	<p>This politician was behind some of the liberal legal reforms such as the ending of capital punishment and the new Race Relations Act. It was this politician who improved the balance of payments situation and created surplus by deflating the pound in 1968 when he replaced Callaghan as Chancellor of the Exchequer.</p>
<p>This politician was Chancellor and led the Treasury. He had strong links with the Trade Unions and walked out when 'In Place of Strife' was introduced by Barbara Castle to restrict the power of trade unions. This politician's decision to devalue the pound made the economic situation worse. The UK was not allowed to join the EEC as there was a sterling crisis in 1966 as the pound dropped 14%.</p>	<p>This politician was leader of the opposition. He was not as experienced and as good a campaigner as Wilson but he won the election.</p>	<p>This politician tried to take on the unions by introducing the white paper 'In Place of Strife'. She aimed to create a 28 day cooling off period and ensure there were strike ballots. Fifty Labour MPs threatened to rebel including Callaghan even though this was a vote winner. The white paper did not become law and Wilson's government looked weak.</p>

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