

### Tasks

Describe each of the consequences below by drawing an image in the hexagons (p.2). Judge and explain which one you believe was the most important consequence. Link the consequences using arrows and explanations.

### Consequence bank

1. Anglo-Dutch Alliance: The Dutch rebels began to fight back against the Spanish in the Netherlands, spurred on by England's victory.
2. English pride: The Spanish had more money and colonies in the New World and a larger navy but still the English had won. This created a sense of English pride, which helped to strengthen Elizabeth's support.
3. England as a naval power: It had used superior and faster galleon ships with bigger bows and sterns to defeat a larger navy which suggested how powerful it was. It had also used better tactics. After this, Britain dared to develop more trade routes and explore new seas.
4. Elizabeth's propaganda victory: She had proven that despite being a woman, she was a strong monarch who could defend her country against a big power like Spain. This involved a portrait of her as a victorious queen and a parade.
5. Philip II's wrath: Despite the loss, Philip continued to wage war against the English in the name of Catholicism.
6. Spanish strength declined: The damage that the loss did to Spanish power and their reputation was long lasting. It struggled to recover after this.



